MS 100 College Algebra Test Three (11 students) file and version info: m62t3.odt 200607171712

Name:



2. Find the zeros for the function  $f(x) = \frac{-16x^2}{27} + 12$ 

3. Plot the function  $f(x) = \frac{-16x^2}{27} + 12$ 



4. Convert  $y = x^2 + 10x + 31$  to the  $(y - k) = a(x - h)^2$  standard form for a quadratic function.

5. For the graph seen on the right, find the  $(y - k) = a(x - h)^2$ 

form of the quadratic using the vertex and xintercepts as seen on the graph.



6. For a function  $(y - k) = a(x - h)^2$  if a > 0, h > 0, and k > 0, then which following statement or statements are true:

| True   False | There is a single degenerate repeated zero for this function.      |
|--------------|--|
| True   False | There is are two real zeros for this function.                     |
| True   False | There is are two imaginary zeros for this function.                |
| True   False | There are no zeros, neither real nor imaginary, for this function. |

7. A water wave in shallow water travels with a velocity v:  $v(d) = \sqrt{gd}$  where g is the acceleration of gravity and d is the depth of the water. The kinetic energy of a moving object is  $k(v) = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$  where m is the mass and v is the velocity.

Find  $k \circ v(d)$ 

## 8. For the following questions use:



h. Does the function f(x) pass the horizontal line test?

i. Does the function g(x) pass the vertical line test?

- j. Does the function g(x) pass the horizontal line test?
- k. Find the inverse function  $g^{-1}(x)$  using  $g \circ g^{-1}(x) = x$
- l. Toughie: For the x > 0 positive branch of f(x), find  $f^{-1}(x)$