

College of Micronesia – FSM
P.O. Box 159
Kolonia, Pohnpei

Course Outline Cover Page

Digital Electronics II

Course Title

VEE 235

Department and Number

Course Description: Further explores digital circuits and concepts including registry circuits, counters, adders, decoders, shift registers and digital to analog converters.

Prepared by: Gardner Edgar

State: Pohnpei Campus

	Hours per Week	No. Of Weeks	Total Hours	Semester Credits
Lecture	3/6	16/8	48	3
Laboratory				
Total Semester Credits:				3

Purpose of Course

Degree Requirement	_____
Degree Elective	_____
Advanced Certificate	_____ XX _____
Certificate	_____
Remedial	_____
Other (Workshop)	_____

Prerequisite Course(s): VEE 135 Digital Electronics I

Signature, Chairman, Curriculum Committee

Date Approved by Committee

Signature, President, COM-FSM

Date Approved by the President

General Objective:

This course serves as a continuation study of digital electronics. It includes the study of digital function circuits such as shift & storage register circuits, memory circuits, counter circuits, adder/subtractor circuits, A/D & D/A converters, and data selector & distribution circuits.

Learning Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course the student will be able to:

1. Describe the basic operating principles of registers and memory circuits.
2. Identify the purpose and probe the input and output of a 4-bit storage register.
3. Identify the purpose and probe the input and output of a 4-bit shift register.
4. Identify the purpose and probe the input and output of an 8-bit shift register.
5. Describe the normal operation and the characteristics of a 64-bit memory circuit.
6. Describe how counting circuits perform arithmetic functions.
7. Recognize the normal operation of a ripple counter circuits.
8. Describe the purpose of an up counter circuits and probe its outputs.
9. Describe the purpose of a down counter circuits and probe its outputs.
10. Describe the function and the operating characteristics of a 4-bit adder circuit.
11. Describe the normal operation of a 4-bit subtractor circuit.
12. Explain the basic operating principles of conversion and data circuits.
13. Identify the purpose of a D/A conversion circuit and its operating characteristics.
14. Identify the purpose and describe the basic operation of a data selector circuit and measure its output signals.
15. Describe the function of a data distribution circuit and its operating characteristics and measure its output signals.

Outline of Content:

This course contains:

- 1. Introduction to Registers and Memory**
 - a. Data, bit, and byte
 - b. Serial & Parallel Data Transfer
 - c. Identification and purpose of a Shift Register & Storage Register.
- 2. 4-Bit Storage Register**
 - a. Purpose of a 4-bit Storage Register
 - b. Output predictions
 - c. Input and output measurements
 - d. Normal operation
- 3. 4-Bit Shift Register**
 - a. Purpose of a 4-bit Shift Register

- b. Left & Right Shifts
- c. Input & Output predictions and actual measurements
- d. Normal operation

4. 8-Bit Shift Register

- a. Purpose of a 8-bit Shift Register
- b. Synchronous & asynchronous data transfer
- c. Input & Output predictions and measurements
- d. Normal operation

5. 64-Bit Memory Circuit

- a. Purpose of a 64-bit Memory circuit
- b. Word, address, read, write, RAM, ROM volatile and nonvolatile
- c. Input & Output predictions and measurements
- d. Normal operation

6. Introduction to Arithmetic Counting Circuits

- a. Purpose of a counter
- b. Modulus
- c. Basic synchronous and asynchronous counter circuits
- d. Counter circuits used as timing circuits
- e. Purpose of an adder circuit
- f. Adder circuits used in addition, multiplication, subtraction, and division
- g. Basic half and full adder circuits

7. Ripple Counter

- a. Purpose of a ripple counter
- b. Various modulus ripple counter circuits
- c. Output predictions and measurements
- d. Normal operation

8. Up Counters

- b. Purpose of an Up Counter Circuit
- c. Free run and single step circuits of an up counter
- d. Output predictions and measurements
- e. Normal operation

9. Down Counters

- a. Purpose of a Down Counter Circuit
- b. Free run and single step circuits of a down counter circuit
- c. Outputs predictions and measurements
- d. Normal operation

- c. Describe parallel data transfer.
- d. Identify the purpose of a register
- e. Describe storage and shift registers

Assessment Method
Multiple choice questions
Short answer questions
Quiz

Learning Outcome 2 Identify the purpose and probe the input and output of a 4-bit storage register.

- Assessment Criteria
- a. Identify the purpose of a 4-bit storage register.
 - b. Recognize 4-bit storage register circuits
 - c. Predict outputs of a 4-bit storage register.
 - d. Probe the inputs and outputs of a 4-bit storage register.
 - e. Recognize normal operation of a 4-bit storage register.

Assessment Method
Multiple choice questions
Short answer questions
Practical Exercises
Quiz

Learning Outcome 3 Identify and describe the function and probe the input and output of a 4-bit shift register.

- Assessment Criteria
- a. Identify the purpose of a 4-bit shift register.
 - b. Describe right & left shifts.
 - c. Recognize 4-bit shift register circuits.
 - d. Predict outputs of a 4-bit shift register.
 - e. Probe the inputs and outputs of a 4-bit shift register.
 - f. Recognize normal operation of a 4-bit shift register.

Assessment Method
Multiple choice questions
Short answer questions
Practical exercises
Quiz

Learning Outcome 4 Identify and describe the function and probe the input and output of an 8-bit shift register.

- Assessment Criteria
- a. Identify the purpose of an 8-bit shift register.
 - b. Describe synchronous and asynchronous data transfer.
 - c. Recognize 8-bit shift register circuits.
 - d. Predict the outputs of an 8-bit shift register.

- e. Probe the inputs & outputs of an 8-bit shift register.
- f. Recognize normal synchronous & asynchronous operation of an 8-bit shift register.

Assessment Method
 Multiple choice questions
 Short answer questions
 Practical exercises
 Quiz

Learning Outcome 5 Describe the normal operation and the characteristics of a 64-bit memory circuit.

- Assessment Criteria
- a. Identify the purpose of a 64-bit memory circuit.
 - b. Describe word, address, read, write, RAM, ROM volatile, and nonvolatile.
 - c. Recognize 64-bit memory circuits.
 - d. Predict outputs of a 64-bit memory circuit.
 - e. Probe the outputs of a 64-bit memory circuit.
 - f. Recognize normal operation of a 64-bit memory circuit.

Assessment Method
 Multiple choice questions
 Short answer questions
 Practical exercises/tests

Learning Outcome 6 Describe how counting circuits perform arithmetic functions.

- Assessment Criteria
- a. Identify the purpose of a counter.
 - b. Describe Modulus.
 - c. Recognize basic synchronous and asynchronous counter circuits.
 - d. Describe how a counter divides and is used as a timing circuit.
 - e. Identify the purpose of an adder.
 - f. Describe how adders are used in addition, multiplication, subtraction, and division.
 - g. Recognize basic half & full adder circuits.

Assessment Method
 Multiple choice questions
 Short answer questions
 Quiz

Learning Outcome 7 Recognize the normal operation of a ripple counter circuits.

Assessment Criteria	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Identify the purpose of a ripple counter. d. Describe a basic ripple counter circuit. e. Recognize various modulus ripple counter circuits. f. Predict & probe outputs of a ripple counter. g. Recognize normal operation of a ripple counter.
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Assessment Method	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiple choice questions Short answer questions Practical Exercises Quiz
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Learning Outcome 8 Describe the purpose of an up counter circuits and probe its outputs.

Assessment Criteria	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Identify the purpose of an up counter. b. Describe a basic up counter circuit. c. Recognize free run & single step circuits of an up counter. a. Predict and measure outputs of an up counter. b. Recognize normal operation of an up counter.
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Assessment Method	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiple Choice Questions Short Answer Questions Practical exercises Quiz
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Learning Outcome 9: Describe the purpose of a down counter circuits and probe its outputs.

Assessment Criteria:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Identify the purpose of a down counter. b. Describe a basic down counter circuit. c. Recognize free run & single step circuits of a down counter a. Predict and probe the outputs of a down counter. b. Recognize normal operation of a down counter.
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Assessment Method:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiple Choice Questions Short Answer Questions Practical exercises Quiz
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Learning Outcome 10: **Describe the function and the operating characteristics of a 4-bit adder circuit.**

- Assessment Criteria:
- a. Identify the purpose of a 4-bit adder.
 - b. Describe adder circuits.
 - c. Recognize serial & parallel full adder circuits.
 - a. Predict and probe the outputs of a 4-bit adder.
 - b. Recognize normal operation of a 4-bit adder.

Assessment Method:

Multiple Choice Questions
Short Answer Questions
Practical exercises
Quiz

Learning Outcome 11: **Describe the normal operation of a 4-bit subtractor circuit.**

- Assessment Criteria:
- a. Identify the purpose of a 4-bit subtractor.
 - b. Describe Two's complement
 - c. Recognize serial & parallel full subtractor circuits.
 - d. Predict and probe outputs of a 4-bit subtractor.
 - e. Recognize normal operation of a 4-bit subtractor.

Assessment Method:

Multiple Choice Questions
Short Answer Questions
Practical exercises
Quiz

Learning Outcome 12: **Explain the basic operating principles of conversion and data circuits.**

- Assessment Criteria:
- a. Identify the purpose of conversion circuits.
 - b. Recognize basic A/D & D/A circuits.
 - c. Identify the purpose of data circuits.
 - e. Recognize basic data selector and data distributor.
 - f. Recognize normal operation of a R/2R ladder D/A converter

Assessment Method:

Multiple Choice Questions
Short Answer Questions
Quiz

Learning Outcome 13: **Identify the purpose of a D/A conversion circuit and its operating characteristics.**

- Assessment Criteria:
- Identify the purpose of D/A conversion circuits.
 - Recognize binary weighted D/A converter circuits.
 - Recognize R/2R ladder D/A converter circuits and describe resolution.
 - Predict and measure the outputs of a R/2R ladder D/A converter.

Assessment Method:

Multiple Choice Questions
Short Answer Questions
Practical exercises
Quiz

Learning Outcome 14: Identify the purpose and describe the basic operation of a data selector circuit and measure its output signals.

- Assessment Criteria:
- Identify the purpose of data selector circuits.
 - Recognize data selector circuits.
 - Predict and measure the outputs of a data selector circuit.
 - Recognize normal operation of a data selector circuit.

Assessment Method:

Multiple Choice Questions
Short Answer Questions
Practical exercises
Quiz

Learning Outcome 15: Describe the function of a data distribution circuit and its operating characteristics and measure its output signals.

- Assessment Criteria:
- Identify the purpose of data distributor circuits.
 - Recognize distributor circuits.
 - Predict and measure outputs of a data distributor circuit.
 - Recognize normal operation of a data distributor circuit.

Assessment Method:

Multiple Choice Questions
Short Answer Questions
Quiz

Required Course Materials:

1. Instructor:

- a. CAI Classroom with whiteboard or chalkboard
- b. Laboratory equipment with tools of the trade
- c. Text, Teacher's Resource Guide, workbook
- d. Overhead projector, transparencies

2. Student:

- a. Text(s), handouts provided by instructor
- b. Ring binder
- c. College ruled note sheet, pencil or pen
- d. Scientific calculator

Reference Materials:

Principles of Digital Electronics, Seventh Edition
Thomas L. Floyd

Method of Instruction:

1. Computer Aided Instruction
2. Practical/Experimentation
3. Lecture/Demonstration

Evaluation:

Final Grade for this course will be based on meeting the course requirements at the following percentage rates:

90% - 100%	A – Superior
80% - 89%	B – Above Average
70% - 79%	C – Average
60% - 69%	D – Below Average
0 % - 59%	F – Failure

Attendance:

The COM-FSM attendance policy will apply