MS 100 College Algebra fx (11 students)

Name:

1. [4c.82] Find the vertex for the function

$$f(x) = \frac{-16x^2}{27} + 12$$

and write the vertex in (h, k) format.

2. [1b.55] Find the zeros for the function:

$$f(x) = \frac{-16x^2}{27} + 12$$

3. [1a.36, 3a] Plot the function
$$f(x) = \frac{-16x^2}{27} + 12$$

4. $[1_.18]$ Solve by the method of your choice, if the solutions involve imaginary numbers, then write the solution(s) as a complex number.

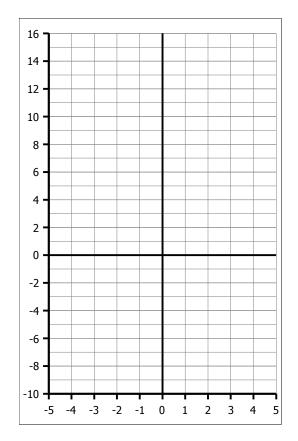
$$2.5x^2 - 15x + 40 = 0$$

5. [1b.00] Solve for x: $\frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{2} - 1 = \frac{2}{1+\sqrt{x}}$

6. [1c.91] Multiply the following complex numbers: $(3+i\sqrt{7})(3-i\sqrt{7})$

7. [1d.64] Solve the inequality and sketch the solution on a number line: -3x+7<28

8. [2a.73] Find the equation of the line through (- 41, 19) and (-37, 41)



9. [3b.70] Perform the long division $(x^3 + 3x^2 - 33x - 35) \div (x - 5)$

10. For the following questions use: $f(x) = 16x^2 + 56x + 49$

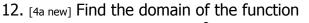
g(x) = 4x + 7

a. [2b.36] _____ Find $(g \circ f) \left(\frac{-7}{4}\right)$

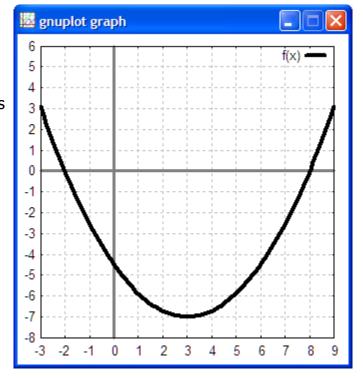
b. [2d.55] Find $(f \circ g)(x)$

C. [2d.73] Find $(g \circ f)(x)$

- d. [2e.36] Find the inverse function $g^{-1}(x)$ using $g \circ g^{-1}(x) = x$
- 11. [2c.09, 3a] a. For the graph seen on the right, find the $(y k) = a(x h)^2$ form of the quadratic using the vertex and x-intercepts as seen on the graph.



q(x):
$$q(x) = \frac{2}{1 - \sqrt{x}}$$



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13. [3c.50] a. ______ I covered 5.346 kilometers in 33.47 minute run from Piyuul to Fulkrin. Calculate my pace in minutes per kilometer.

[3c.50] b. ______ At the pace calculated in part a, how long would it take me to run the 12.62 kilometers from Piyuul to Inkoyac?

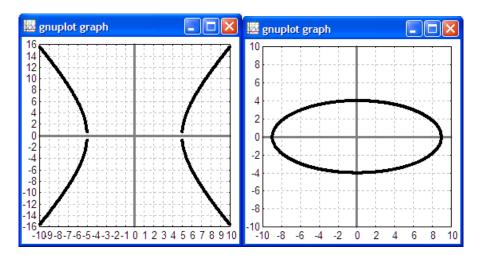
- 14. [2c.73, 3a] a. Is the function f(x) depicted in 💹 gnuplot graph the graph an even or odd function? 120 f(x) 100 80 [2c.91, 3a] b. How many zero's does the 60 function have? 40 20 0 [3a.06 new, related to linear factor question t4#8] -20 c. How many linear factors does the -40 function have? -60 -80 100 -3 -2 -1 0 -4 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 4
 - d. [$_{3a new}$] Given that the zero's are integers, what are the three solutions to the function f(x) shown in the graph?

15. For $\frac{(x-2)}{(x^2-4x-5)}$

- a. [4_.50] Find the y-intercept.
- b. [4_.50] Find the x-intercept(s) [zero(s)]
- c. [4a new] Find the domain of the function
- d. [4b.30] Find the vertical asymptotes
- e. [4b.40] Find the horizontal asymptote.

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16. [4c.88, 0.88] Give the name of the following shapes:



17. [4c.88, 1.00, 1.00, 0.88] For each of the following equations, write the name of the shape formed by the equation:

a.
$$\frac{(x-3)^2}{25} - \frac{(y-7)^2}{9} = 1$$

b. $\frac{(x-3)^2}{25} + \frac{(y-7)^2}{25} = 1$
c. $\frac{(x-3)^2}{25} + \frac{(y-7)}{25} = 1$
d. $\frac{(x-3)^2}{25} + \frac{(y-7)^2}{9} = 1$

e. [4c.63] For the circle above, write the center in (h, k) form.

f. [4c.63] For the circle above, find the radius r.

Formulas

Quadratic formula: $x = \frac{-b}{2a} \pm \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

Vertex form for a parabola: $(y - k) = a(x - h)^2$

Parabola with focus at (h, k+p): $(y-k) = \left(\frac{1}{4p}\right)(x-h)^2$